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# Data Science in Semiconductor Memory Manufacturing Quiz

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#### **Quiz ideas**

- 1) What is the primary goal of data science in memory manufacturing?
  - A. To create new memory products
  - B. To extract meaningful insights from data to improve yield, quality, cycle time, and cost
  - C. To design new semiconductor circuits
  - D. To automate the packaging and shipping of memory modules
- 2) What are the key drivers for Big Data and Artificial Intelligence in memory manufacturing?
  - A. High-speed internet and physical on-premise hard drives
  - Massive data collection capability, highly scalable computational power, and sophisticated machine learning algorithms
  - C. Advanced semiconductor materials
  - D. Mobile app development

- 3) What is the significance of the critical dimension in semiconductor manufacturing?
  - A. It controls the packaging method used for semiconductor devices.
  - B. It determines the number of layers in the semiconductor stack.
  - It regulates the type of substrate material used.
  - It is the specific width or space between features on a semiconductor wafer that must be controlled precisely during manufacturing
- 4) What is the role of machine learning in the context of memory manufacturing?
  - A. To transform data analysis by enabling nonparametric data analysis, breaking limitations of deterministic modeling, and removing subjective interpretation by humans
  - B. To create new memory designs
  - To improve the physical properties of the memory
  - D. To increase the battery life of devices using memory modules

#### **Quiz ideas**

- 5) What is a DRAM memory cell composed of?
  - A. Two transistors
  - B. Two transistors and one capacitor
  - C. One transistor and one capacitor
  - D. Two capacitors
- 6) What is the purpose of wafer map analysis in memory manufacturing?
  - A. To design new semiconductor devices
  - B. To visualize and analyze the distribution of fails and performance variations across a wafer
  - C. To measure the electrical conductivity of individual memory cells
  - To select the best substrate material for wafer fabrication

- 7) What is a difference between supervised and unsupervised learning?
  - A. Supervised learning uses labeled data, while unsupervised learning uses unlabeled data
  - B. Supervised learning does not require a known output for each input, while unsupervised learning does
  - C. Supervised learning requires no training data, while unsupervised learning does
  - D. Supervised learning is used in memory manufacturing, while unsupervised cannot be used
- 8) What is the importance of high yield in memory manufacturing?
  - A. It reduces the cost per unit
  - B. It increases the speed of memory chips
  - C. It enhances the durability of memory chips
  - D. It improves energy efficiency

#### **Quiz ideas**

- 9) How does machine learning handle data distribution in memory manufacturing?
  - A. Machine learning always assumes a normal distribution for all data
  - B. Machine learning always assumes an asymmetric distributions for all data
  - C. Machine learning evaluates all parameters and data points equally without assuming a particular distribution
  - D. Machine learning uses a fixed distribution model for all data
- 10) Which of the skills/knowledge below are needed to be an effective data science team member in the semiconductor manufacturing industry?
  - A. Industry domain knowledge (manufacturing data, testing data, wafer maps, etc.)
  - B. Data Science skills (Traditional statistics, machine learning, etc.)
  - C. IT skills (Python, R, SQL, UI, etc.)
  - D. All of the above

- 11) What type of data can be found in memory manufacturing?
  - A. Critical dimensions, defect counts
  - B. Equipment sensor, equipment history
  - C. Probe and parametric test data results
  - D. All of the above

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